• This is the South Avenue Primary calculation policy that teachers use to plan. It reflects the Kent Scheme of Work. Our aim is to develop a deep understanding through clear steps of progression from Early years to Year Six. *In addition to these written methods, teachers ensure children think* —can I do it in my head, with some jottings or by using a written method?

Multiplication

	Multiplication	Examples	
Year R	I can double objects practically.		
Year 1	I can multiply using manipulatives and arrays to show 'groups of.'		
Year 2	I can understand multiplication as repeated addition		

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Year 3	I can multiply 2 digit numbers by 1 digit numbers using arrays. I can partition a 2 digit number to multiply using an expanded written method.	4 x 6 = 24 6 x 4 = 24	Multiplying a 2 digit number by a 1 digit number by partitioning 32 x 2 = 30 x 2 and 2 x 2 = 60 and 4 = 64
Year 4	I can use expanded vertical method to multiply 2 digits numbers by 3 digits. I can multiply money to 2 decimal places.	196 x9 54 (6 x 810 (90 x 900 (100 x 1764	9)
Year 5	I can use formal vertical method to multiply HTU, ThHTU and 2 decimal places.	815 x 34 We partition 815 into 800 and 10 and 5 and put it in a table. We partition 34 into 30 and 4 and put it in the table. x	Long multiplication compact method with HTU x TU 235 X 53 705 x 3 11750 x 50 + 705 11750 124 55
Year 6	As year 5 including using their knowledge of the order of operations (BODMAS) to solve problems involving a combination of addition, subtraction, multiplication and/or division Algebra	235 <u>X 53</u> 705 x 3 <u>11750</u> x 50 + 705 <u>11750</u> <u>124 55</u>	a x b = 36 What could the values of a and b be?