• This is the South Avenue Primary calculation policy that teachers use to plan. It reflects the Kent Scheme of Work. Our aim is to develop a deep understanding through clear steps of progression from Early years to Year Six. *In addition to these written methods, teachers ensure children think* –can I do it in my head, with some jottings or by using a written method?

Division

	Division	Examples		
Year R	I can share objects into equal groups in practical contexts.			
Year 1	I can divide using manipulatives and arrays to group and share, with support.	What is 12 ÷ 2?		5 5
Year 2	I can divide using manipulatives. I can divide using repeated subtraction.		you -3	Repeated Subtraction 15 ÷ 3 = 5 is the number of times can subtract 3 from 15 before you get to 0. -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -

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Year 3	I can use the tables I know to divide 2 digit numbers, supported by arrays and manipulatives	15 ÷ 3 = 5 15 ÷ 5 = 3	0 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24	
Year 4	I can divide 2 digit and 3 digit numbers by increasingly efficient methods	0 3 5 5 1 ¹ 7 ² 5		
Year 5	I can divide 3 and 4 digit numbers using short division. I can represent remainders as a decimal or a fraction.	$142 \div 4 = 35.5$ $0 3 5.5 ^{2/4 = 1/2 = 0.5}$ $4) 1 4^{2} 2.0$		
Year 6	I can express a quotient as a fraction, decimal or rounded. I can divide up to 4 digits by 2 digits using long division.	2 1 r8 = 21 ½ 1 6 3 4 4 3 2 0 Mx20 0 2 4 0 1 6 Mx20 0 0 8	Compact method for long division 27 36) 97252	